

Bangor Daily Whig and Courier is published at Four Dollars a year, payable half yearly in advance. All subscriptions for less than a year must be paid in advance, and all orders for discontinuance must be accompanied by the amount due.

The **Bangor Courier** is published at the office of the **Daily Whig & Courier** every Tuesday morning at Two Dollars a year in advance, or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid within six months of the time of subscribing.

The publishers will not hold themselves responsible for any error that may occur, beyond the usual charges for the advertisement.

Mr. Elisha Field, at the Mechanic's News Office, Bangor, is Agent for this paper. Advertisements sent with him will be immediately forwarded.

LIST OF MAILS,
WHICH ARRIVE AT AND DEPART FROM THE BANGOR POST OFFICE.

Letters, leaves every morning at 2, arrives every day from 9 to 11 P. M.

Letters, leaves every morning at 6, arrives every day from 5 to 6 P. M.

Letters, leaves every day at 1 P. M., arrives every day at 12 M.

Letters, leaves every morning at 8, arrives every day (except Sunday) from 4 to 5 P. M.

Letters, leaves every morning at 7, arrives every day from 5 to 7 P. M.

Letters, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday from 6 to 7.

Letters, via Edgington and Great Works, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 8, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 2 to 3 P. M.

Letters, via Dexter, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 7 to 9 P. M.

Letters, via Newport, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning at 7, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 5 to 6 P. M.

Letters, via Dover and Foxcroft, leaves every Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M., arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 5 to 6 P. M.

Letters, via Seboc, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning at 7, arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday from 4 to 6 P. M.

Letters, via Bradford, leaves Thursday morning at 7, arrives Wednesday from 4 to 5 P. M.

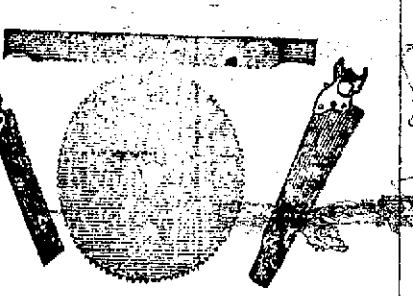
Letters, via Corinna, leaves Tuesday morning at 7, arrives Monday from 5 to 6 P. M.

All mails close at 9 P. M. except the Belfast, which closes at 12 P. M.

Post office open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sunday 8 A. M. to 9 A. M.

C. K. MILLER, Post Master.

THE ONLY SAW FACTORY IN THE STATE.



M. SCHWARTZ,
Saw Manufacturer,
No. 1, GLIDDEN'S NEW BLOCK,
Exchange Street, BANGOR.

Stock now on hand at this Establishment worthy the attention of the public. The facilities for manufacturing, the possession of extensive machinery, the employment of accomplished workmen, the advantage of a thorough acquaintance with the business, and of giving his personal attention to the manufacture of **SAWS**, M. Schwartz is enabled to produce Saws of great excellence, and of every desirable variety, and at the lowest prices.

It is only necessary for those who desire a good saw to call and test the Saws made at this establishment to satisfy them they are not elsewhere, and are sold as low as can be bought elsewhere.

REPAIRING;
Saws of all kinds repaired and warranted.

FILES.
Files of all descriptions constantly on hand.

FILES RE-CUT.
Saw Files left at this establishment will be re-cut and made equal to new.

STEAM IRON WORKS.
FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO.
IRON FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS.
Opposite City Hall, Bangor.

ENTRANCE to manufacture at their establishment every variety of Machinery and Cast-iron in this section of the country.

MACHINERY.
Steam Engines, Turning Lathes, and other machinery; Single, Clapboard, Lath, Box, Sapping, Threshing Machines.

MILL CASTINGS.
Iron Reaction Water Wheels; Balance wheels for Saw Mills; Mill Cranks; Gudgeons; Mill Spindles; and an extensive assortment of Mill and Spur Gearing, for Mills and Machinery.

STOVE CASTINGS.
Large assortment of Fire Frames, from new patterns; Cook Stoves, second kind; Fire Stoves, of different sizes; an assortment of Stoves; and a great variety of Air-Tight Stove Castings.

PLOUGHS.
Assortment of Ploughs from patterns recently made, and of the best Timber. Ploughs of all sizes and of all kinds. Also—Cart and other Hubs, east wheel; Potash Reverses, Cultivators, Fire Bars, Pine Boxes, &c.

BAR IRON AND STEEL.
Saws, Chains, Bl. Everything and Composition; Machine Cards from one of the oldest and most celebrated manufacturers in Mass.

The above will be found equal in quality to the market, and for sale on as reasonable terms as possible.

JOSEPH BRYANT & SON,
W. T. & H. PERCIE,
HALL, LOWELL & HARLOW,
BRAGG & SUGLAND,
W. H. THURSTON.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO.
are manufacturing and will keep constantly for sale, a large stock of the most approved patterns, and of the best timber. Their ploughs, received from the Penobscot Agricultural Society in 1875, and have been thoroughly proved, they are believed to be unsurpassed by any ever offered in this market for their peculiar adaptation to the soil of Maine.

Old Newspapers for sale at this office.

DEODAT BRASTOW of Brewer, in said county, respectfully represents that he is seized in fee simple and as tenant in common of and in one undivided half of certain real estate situated in said Brewer, and being lots numbered sixty-four and twenty feet of lot numbered sixty-three adjoining said lot No. 64—being the northeasterly part of said lot No. 63—agreeably to a plan of said lots made by Joseph Treat, Esquire, July 1, 1833, and recorded in Penobscot Records, Plan Book, No. one, Page 42, together with the northeasterly half of the dwelling house situated on said lot No. 63—with certain persons unknown to your petitioner, that he cannot possess, occupy and improve his said part to any advantage while the same lies in common and undivided as aforesaid, but wholly loses the profits thereof. Wherefore, he prays that notice may issue in due form of law, and that his said part may be set off and assigned to him in severalty, and your petitioner will ever pray.

Dated at Brewer, this fourteenth day of October A. D. 1883.
DEODAT BRASTOW.
By J. A. & H. V. POOT, his Attys.

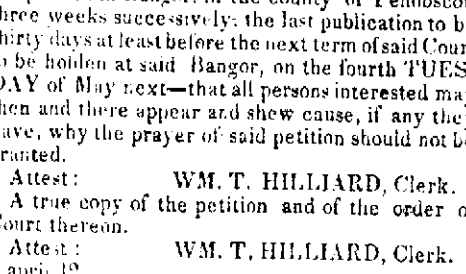
STATE OF MAINE.
PENOBSCOT, ss.—District Court, Eastern District, January Term, A. D. 1884.

ON the foregoing petition, ordered that the said petitioner give notice to all persons interested of the pendency of his said petition by publishing an attested copy thereof, and of the order of Court thereon, in the Bangor Whig & Courier, a newspaper printed in Bangor, in the county of Penobscot, three weeks successively, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the next term of said Court to be holden at said Bangor, on the fourth TUESDAY of May next—that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Attest: WM. T. HILLIARD, Clerk.
A true copy of the petition and of the order of Court thereon.

Attest: WM. T. HILLIARD, Clerk.
April 12.

Patent Ground Saws.



A. RICHARDSON,
Saw Manufacturer,
Exchange Street, Bangor.

WOULD call the attention of purchasers and consumers of **SAWS** to the important improvements lately perfected in the manufacture of these articles. Having on hand an entire new and extensive stock, mostly consisting of

Patent Ground Saws!

The advantages these saws have over all others made by the old process are fully appreciated by those who have used them, they being ground perfectly true and free from thick or thin places, will saw with much less sett, cut smoother and a thinner plate may be used, than those saws made by the old process, the Single and Mill Saws have an improved tooth which will save much labor in preparing them for work, saws of every description kept on hand, or if not will be made to order. **ALL SAWS WARRANTED GOOD.**

SAWS REPAIRED.

of every description and warranted to run as well as when first new or the money returned.

SAWS REPAIRED.

A large and excellent assortment kept constantly on hand of the Saws of several Celebrated Manufacturers in England.

Feb. 26, 1884.

\$25 REWARD.

FOUND in the streets of the city of Bangor on or about the 23rd March a man who appears to be a composite man. He is incapable of stating any thing intelligibly respecting his name, connections, or residence excepting to claim himself "Charles Heath" or at times "Charles Merrill" and says he had just returned from a short stay in Norway. He is about five feet eight in his height, has light blue eyes, dark brown hair, and light complexion. His age is somewhere about 24 years. His dress is somewhat shabby, and he has scars upon his hands which he claims to have received in some labor. He had on a black coat, a long blue cap without visor, and a blue check coat, with waist of same color, and dark trousers.

It is believed that some person must have brought this man into the city, and left him to perish or be arrested by the police. Information is now sought as to where the man belongs, or has been living, and a reward is offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of the person who abandoned this man, at the end of the season of the year to the police of the city of Bangor. He is now lodged in the Almshouse.

Any person who can give information in the Officers of the Port of Bangor, respecting this man or the manner of his coming to this city, will confer a favor, and if the information thus given shall lead to the conviction of any person for this crime against Law and Humanity, a reward of twenty five dollars shall be paid.

S. RICH, Jr., Overseer of the Port.
Bangor, April 4, 1884.

PIG STICKS.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO. are manufacturing and will keep constantly for sale, a large stock of the most approved patterns, and of the best timber. Their ploughs, received from the Penobscot Agricultural Society in 1875, and have been thoroughly proved, they are believed to be unsurpassed by any ever offered in this market for their peculiar adaptation to the soil of Maine.

Feb. 22.

THE subscriber has on hand and for sale a small lot of well made **FURNITURE**, amongst which are a couple of old fashioned easy chairs, an excellent article for the sick—one Rosewood Secretary he would exchange for lumber. Particular attention paid to repairing old furniture, cutting and making Carpets, &c.

Constantly on hand Mahogany, Birch, Maple and Pine Collins of every size.

BENJ. F. ADAMS,
Over the City Market.
April 4.

TIN PLATE WORKER'S MACHINES.

THE subscribers having received the agency, for the Eastern section of Maine, for the sale of Peck, Smith & Co's. Machines, are now prepared to furnish single Machines or full and complete Sets. The attention of Tin Plate Workers is particularly invited to these **MACHINES**, as some valuable improvements have been made in them the past season. Those wishing to purchase may be assured that we will furnish any of said Machines at Boston prices.

A. NOYES & CO.,
Feb. 14.

BANGOR MERCANTILE DYE HOUSE,
CENTRE STREET, NEAR THE RAILROAD BRIDGE, and 1-4 of a mile NORTH FROM KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

GENTS, G. W. LADD, Druggist, corner of Central and Hammond Sts. S. B. ELIAS No. 6, Exchange St. S. S. HERRING, Central St.

Particular attention will be given to the Clothes Cleansing Department, and to watering Silk Dresses, in the most beautiful styles.

mar. 2, 1884. **JOHN M. BARNES.**

WATCHES, JEWELRY AND TANCY GOODS.
JOHN LOWELL & CO.,
NEXT TO THE POST OFFICE.

HAVE just received a large and splendid assortment of **GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.**

Part of which were imported in the "Hibernia" of the most elegant finish and style.

The assortment of Jewelry is new, elegant and complete, consisting of Amethyst, Topaz, and Cameo Breast Pins; Gold Bracelets and Bracelet Clasps; Gold Lockets, and Miniature Settings. A great variety of Diamond, Ruby and Garnet Rings; Gold Fob and Guard Chains; Gold Keys; Gold and Silver Pencils; Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, and Spectacles, and a beautiful article of Ladies Hair Ornaments, intended expressly for Holiday Presents.

—Also—
Shell and Ivory Card Cases, and a general assortment of Combs, Cutlery, Wallets, Head and Silk Purses, Fancy Work Boxes, Toys, &c.

Watches repaired, and Lever Watches made by Mr. KEYES an experienced manufacturer.

POT-ASH KETTLES.
CAST BOTTOM DOWN.

THE undersigned are manufacturing and will keep constantly for sale at their Steam Iron Works, **POT-ASH KETTLES** cast Bottom Down, an improved method.

FRANKLIN MUZZY & CO.
Bangor, Feb. 17.

THE PILES AND ALL SORES.
RAY'S LINIMENT is known as a remedy for these affections. It is impossible to tell in a newspaper, in such a manner, as to obtain full credence, the effects and benefits of this article, so general is the practice of advertisers of extolling articles of no merit. Such personal reference will be given, as to bring conviction to the minds of the most unbelieving. Will sufferers only ask among their friends, if they have not heard or known its effects; and if they do not hear it more warmly praised than any other salve, let them not get it.

All fancy or exaggeration is positively excluded from the statements, and it is determined to say nothing of its merits, but what could be fully proved by a host of witnesses, in any court of justice. Will you look at the thing and the proofs where it may be had? At G. W. LADD'S, A. P. GILLES, and A. YOUNG, Jr. & Co., formerly Hildens.

Stwd and wdm nov 21

Spring Fashion.

FINE Nutria and Mole-skin HATS, of the latest Spring style, received at

HENWAY & HERSEY'S.

TO LET.
STORY No. 10 West Market Place, now occupied by Hills & Clark. Possession given 23 April.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To my Mother.
BY JANE TAYLOR WORTHINGTON.

Oh mother! and the blessed light
Of new and tender ties.
Thou knowest not the hoarded love
That in this spirit lies:
The love that with a thousand dreams
Is on that path of thine.
That goeth forth, with fervent love,
From this fond heart of mine!

Thou knowest not what momentary hints
My homeward fancies trace,
And now, with many silent tears,
I pine to see thy face;
How all my lightly spoken words
Repeatedly return;
Ah, how many painful thoughts
Thou dost not one must learn!

Yet I have said the kindest words
And ever answered kindly,
But never can there come to me
A word so sweet as "Mother."
It sounds in my ears as a dream,
It sounds so soft and low,
And I feel again the tender stress
Imprinted on my brow.

And then I wake, all gone with
The vision that I resign.
And still more sadly I think of thee
Thy pathway is from me.
Dear mother, do not think me true
And leave the Lovers' path,
And live to thee in quietude,
Or mourn and grieve and pine.

Oh let me in thy tenderness,
My early place to gain,
Thou may'st my years of childhood pass
Thine be my joy and pain,
God bless the mother who will this
Thy word be true, and this be true,
For none can ever tell me true,
Thou art my mother and I love thee.

Why Prayer is not Heard.

There are some not at all interested in this inquiry. They offer no prayer. There is in their case nothing to be heard. They are content with the things which are to be had without asking. Such are in a bad way, and I suspect they sometimes, themselves think so. That dependent creatures should habitually and devoutly acknowledge their dependence before God; and that needy creatures, whose necessities return every day, and indeed recur with every moment, should ask God to supply them, is too reasonably a thing for men to neglect it, and yet be at perfect peace with themselves.

But to pass from those who never make the experiment of prayer, we observe that some pray without any expectation or care to be heard. To obtain is not their object. Their end is accomplished in asking. They hear and judge that prayer is a duty owed to God. They therefore pray, that they may discharge this duty; and having prayed, and so done their duty, they are satisfied. Of course, such persons obtain nothing. Why should they? If a child of yours should come and ask you for any thing from a mere sense of duty, you would say, "Very well, you have done your duty, go; but you would not give him the thing. He did not ask it with any wish to get it. He does not feel his want of it. He meant only to do his duty in asking. It makes very little difference with such what is the matter of their prayer—what petitions they offer. Any thing that is of the nature of supplication will do. It is true, they generally pray for the right things, because the prayers they have heard and read petitioned for such, and they fall naturally into that style of prayer. Ask such persons if their prayers are heard, and you astonish them. That is what they never looked for. They never asked any thing with the hope of receiving it—never prayed from a sense of want. I have sometimes thought how many would never pray, if prayer was not a duty. They never pray except when urged to it by conscience. As a privilege, they set no value on it. Now the truth is, when a man is really engaged in prayer, he altogether forgets that it is a duty. He feels that he wants something which God alone can give, and therefore asks; and feeling that he wants it very much, he is earnest, asks and asks again, and waits and pleads for it till he gets it. Does any one suppose that the publican smote on his breast and cried, "God be merciful to me a sinner," from a sense of duty, and not rather from a conviction of sin, and a deep feeling of his need of mercy? And yet how many men ask for mercy from a mere sense of duty. They have their reward, but they do not obtain mercy.

Some prayers proceed from a conviction of want, while there is no sense of want. The persons judge that they need the things they ask for, but they do not feel their need of them. Now, prayers, which come from no deeper source than the understanding, are not heard. They must come from the heart. True prayer always originates in the heart. It is the heart's sincere desire. Or as another has well described it, "It is a sense of want, seeking relief from God."

But there may be a sense of want, and yet no real desire for that which is adapted to the supply of the want. In that case the prayer, not being sustained by a corresponding desire in the heart, is not heard. There is a conflict here. The lips pray one thing and the heart another. The request is perhaps to be delivered from all but one or two sins. Now it would be strange if God should grant a man's request to the disregard of his desire—that he should attend to the lips rather than the heart, and answer the prayer according to its terms rather than its meaning.

The Grave.
How little reflection is expended upon, yet how much called for, by the grave—by the lowest hillock that is piled over the body of the grassiest hollow that has sunk with the smouldering bones of a fellow creature! And in this narrow haven rots the bark that has ploughed the surges of the great vital ocean in this little den that the tide can over shadow in a day's growth, the mole underground in an hour's labor, is crushed the spirit that could enter the world, and dare even a contest with destiny!

How little it speaks for the value of the existence for which man endures so many evils to prolong; how much reduces the significance of both the pomp and wretchedness of being—reducing all its vicissitudes into the indistinguishable identity which infinite distance gives to the stars—a point without a parallel, a speck, an atom! Such is life—the gasp of a child that inhales the air of existence but once—a single breath breathed from eternity. But the destiny that comes behind us—oblivious. It is not enough that we moralize upon the equality of the supplest; that the rich man, whose soul is in the ostentation of a marble palace, and is least in the splendor of the feast, should consider how small a pit must content him; or that the proud who boast of their pre-eminence above the beasts, should know the shaggy carcass and the law should corpse must tattle the curtain together. We should teach our vanity the lesson of humiliation that is afforded by the grave, reflecting the mighty magnificence of those marvelous spirits which have been removed from the world, and in their deserted obscurity, discover the feeble hold which we ourselves must have upon earth and the memory of men.

Friendship forgets what the devious earth has claimed; even enmity ceases at last to remember the resting place of a foe. Leave ourselves as we move, devote our affections to others as we can, yet must our memory perish with us in the grave.

Ship Building.

There appears to be considerable building of Ships and smaller vessels, going on in our own harbor, according to what we see and hear. Whether as much as formerly we are not now able to say. Many other improvements are going on.

At Bangor, the L. V. S. and small vessels, are to be built this season, besides about 15 or 20 sailing boats. Mr. Joseph Day, at that place, in the East side, is now erecting a shed of over 700 tons, for himself and others.

The wheels are beginning to move, though not very fast, just at this crisis, freighting business, owing to lack of foreign demand, is rather at a stand. Yet, in the opinion of good judges, it is presently in a favorable position to either must speedily take place. If so, general prosperity will soon be established. (Rich Tel.)

The Infant in Heaven.

Dr. Chalmers furnishes the following touching expression of his opinion on the subject, of infant Salvation. It is expressed in strong and beautiful language.

"This affords, we think, something more than a dubious glimpse into the question, that is often put by a distracted mother, when her babe is taken away from her, when all the converse it ever had with the world, amounted to the gaze upon it a few months, or a few opening smiles, which marked the dawn of left enjoyment; and ere it had reached perhaps the lip of infancy, it all unconscious of death, had to wreathe through a period of sickness with its power, and at length to be overcome by it. Oh, it little knew what an interest it had created in that home where it was so passing a visitant, nor when carried to an early grave, what a tide of emotions it would raise among the few acquaintances, it left behind it! On it, too, baptism was impressed as a seal, and as a sign it was never satisfied. There was no positive belief in its bosom—no love at all for the darkness rather than the light—nor had it yet fallen into that great condemnation which will a teach itself to all that perish because of unbelief; that their deeds are evil. When we couple with this the known disposition of our great forerunner—the love that he manifested to children on earth, how he suffered them to approach his person and lavishing endearments and kindness upon them in Jerusalem, told his disciples that the presence and the company of such as these in heaven formed one ingredient of the joy that was to be his—how he—tell us if Christianity does not show a pleasing radiance around an infant's tomb, and should any parent who hears us, feel comforted by the touching remembrance of a light that twinkled a few short months under his roof, and at the end of its little period—expired; we cannot think we ventured too far when we say that he has only to persevere in the faith and in the following of the Gospel, and that very light will again shine upon him in heaven. The blossom which withered here upon its stalk, has been transplanted there to a place of endurance, and it will then gladden the eye which now weeps out the agony of an affection that has been sorely wounded; and in the name of Him who if on earth would have wept with them, do we bid all believers present, to sorrow not even as others which have no hope, but to take comfort in the thought of that country where there is no sorrow and no separation."

Oh, when a mother meets on high,
The babe she lost in infancy,
Hath she not then, for pains and fear—
The days of woe, the watchful night—
For all her sorrow, all her tears—
An over-payment of delight?

Noble Sentiments.

This is an agreeable world after all. If we would only bring ourselves to look at the objects that surround us in their true light, we should see beauty where we have before seen ugliness, and harmony where we have before seen discord. To be sure there is a great deal of anxiety and vexation to meet; we cannot expect to sail upon a summer coast forever; yet if we preserve a calm eye and steady hand, we can so trim our sail and manage our helm as to avoid the quick sands and weather the storm that threatens shipwreck. We are members of one great family; we are traveling the same road and shall arrive at the same goal. We breathe the same air; we are subject to the same beauty, and we shall lie down upon the bosom of our common mother. It is not becoming then that brother should harbor ill will; it is not proper that friend should deceive friend; it is a right that neighbor should injure neighbor. We pity the man who can harbor enmity against his fellow, he loses but the enjoyments of life—the emotions his own existence. Let us tear from our eyes the colored medium that invests every object with a false hue of jealousy and suspicion; turn a deaf ear to the low of sensual, earthly the spirit of enmity from our hearts; let the rich robes of human kindness spread up as a mountain, so that the "golden age" will become no fiction, and the island of the blessed is closer to more than a heavenly being.

Life Beyond the Grave.

Among all the fine and beautiful figures and images of reasoning that the universe in which we dwell has offered for the illustration of the highest hope that is within us, of a life beyond the grave, there is none more beautiful or exquisite than that I know of, than that which is derived from the change of the seasons—from the second life that germs forth in spring in objects apparently dead, and from the shadowy forth, in the coming of every thing around us, of that destiny which Divine Revelation calls upon faith to believe shall yet be ours. The trees that have withered and remained dark and gray through the long dreary lapse of winter, clothed themselves again with green in the spring sun, and every line speak of life. The buds that were cramped down and faded, burst forth once more into bloom and beauty; the streams that were frozen in the icy climes that held them, and the glorious sun-faced flowers wandering from his journey, every summer, and warmth, and fertility, and magnificence to every thing around. All that we see, breathes the same hope, and every thing we see kindles into life.

Mellennium.
BY FRANK ADAMS CLARK.

What disappointment and confusion have been brought into the minds of many, by calculating the termination of certain epochs, Paul and Turk; the east and the fall of Rome; Christ's second coming to establish a new world empire, the laws of which are to be administered by his presence, imperiously maintained on earth, and also, concerning the time of the final judgment, and the end of the world? When a man is possessed of the line of present time, only directed by a sort of telegraphic phenomena, which, however, is not a certain and inflexible line, but a mere approximation, and which, the last great calamities have rendered uncertain, and by a sort of approximation, we are left in a state of darkness, in the question where all such mental calculations must necessarily end, and that, produced by position, firm and hope, to preserve equilibrium, are disappointed, and are by each disappointed.

They are beginning the culture of Rice in Arkansas and Texas.

JOHN S. SAYWARD, Editor

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1844.

FOR PRESIDENT,

HENRY CLAY
OF KENTUCKY

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEORGE EVANS,
OF MAINESUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE BALTIMORE
WHIG CONVENTION

The Whig National Convention, for the nomination of candidates for President and Vice President of the United States will meet in Baltimore on Wednesday the first day of May next. The Young Men's Whig National Convention of Ratification will meet on the following day Thursday the second of May.

SEE FIRST PAGE

City Affairs.

The Board of Aldermen transacted some business after the Common Council adjourned, a notice of which will be of interest to our readers. Resolved making appropriations passed to be engrossed, and provided as follows—

That the whole sum to be assessed is thirty eight thousand dollars

To be appropriated as follows:

For payment in part of City Debt, seven thousand dollars

For payment of interest eight thousand five hundred dollars

For making and repair of highways, three thousand five hundred dollars

For support of the Poor, two thousand five hundred dollars

For support of Schools, seven thousand dollars

For support of the Fire Department, seven hundred dollars

For City Watch, seven hundred and fifty dollars

For payment of salaries and compensation, three thousand dollars

For school houses, one thousand five hundred dollars

For contingent expenses, three thousand five hundred and fifty dollars

Report of the Committee on Finance—accepted

[The report states that the city debt has received the consideration of the committee and their opinion is, that a portion of it should be paid every year, the sum to be increased as the city increases in wealth, and the amount of interest on loans lessens until the debt is wholly paid. By adopting this policy, and steadily pursuing it, the rate of taxes yearly will be nearly uniform. But to effect this object it will become necessary to obtain short loans, when a larger sum falls due a year or more, as the present sum to be paid, and in this manner a portion of the debt may be made to fall due every year.]

Ordered, That the Mayor be authorized to settle the action, Henry V. Poor vs the Inhabitants of Bangor, should he judge that it will be for the interest of the city so to do. Passed.

Petitions presented and referred—Of Eliza May et al. to have Charles and Thomas streets accepted—of Elijah Low, Jr et al. to have French street accepted and made—of H. E. Prentiss et al. to have side walk on Hallow street—of S. C. Hemenway to have the continuation of Third street accepted.

Resolved authorizing a temporary loan passed to be engrossed.

Report of the committee on the Fire Department on petition of Engine Co. No. 5, That the sum of one hundred and fourteen dollars be allowed said company—accepted.

Report of same on order relative to the location of No. 2 Engine at the City Mills, that the same be granted when the conditions of the order shall be complied with.

Report of the Street Commissioner, in answer to an order of the City Council as to how much money had been paid to the inhabitants living upon Levant road for labor performed by them upon the highways. Accepted.

[This report states that it appears by the bills on file, that the amount paid to the inhabitants living upon Levant road, above the dwelling house of Saml Wiley, during the time the present Commissioner has held the office, it being five years, is seven hundred and fifty dollars, making an average of \$150 per year. The whole tax paid by the said inhabitants averages less than five hundred dollars a year, and as the highway tax averages one eleventh of the whole tax, the average highway tax of said inhabitants is about forty five dollars a year. It will be seen from this statement, that so far from the said inhabitants being deprived of the privilege of working upon the highways equal to a part of their highway tax, there has been, yearly paid to them for labor, an excess of one hundred and five dollars.]

The Street Commissioner is satisfied that it would not be for the interest of the city to allow every man living on the Levant road to work out his proportion of taxes upon the highways—because there might be a difficulty in fixing the value of the labor performed—because there would be trouble in getting the work performed at the right time—because if this is allowed to the inhabitants upon this road, it would revolutionize our whole system of taxation, and result in the establishment of the old town system of raising a large nominal labor tax instead of a small money tax. But while the Street Commissioner cannot possibly recommend a general system of allowing men to claim the right of working out their taxes upon the highways at their pleasure,

sure, he is of opinion that it is good policy and for the interest of the city to employ, by contract or otherwise, persons living upon the leading avenues to the city to perform labor upon the roads when it can be done to advantage. It is a system he has adopted and shall be happy to continue so long as it can be made beneficial to the several inhabitants and to the city.

A large and splendid Chandelier has been purchased by several members, and presented to the Mechanic Association for the purpose of lighting their beautiful hall. It was lighted for the first time last evening, and was much admired for the pleasant light it diffused, and for its elegance. It was manufactured by Messrs H. N. Hooper & Co Boston, contains six large solar burners with glass shades, and is altogether a fine piece of work conferring honor upon Yankee manufactures. We understand that the makers made a discount in the price equal to a neat donation for the benefit of the Association, thus showing their interest in the success of the educational efforts of mechanics in this city, and commending them to the attention of our citizens.

The necessary sum to purchase this chandelier has been contributed by members in preference to taking the funds of the association, in order that the largest sum possible might be expended for enlarging the library. The library has become an object of much interest and usefulness, and we cannot but recommend the subject of its enlargement by the donation of books to all our citizens who feel like aiding a good cause at a small sacrifice.

The Portland Mechanic Association have agreed upon the seventeenth day of August next for the meeting of the Mechanics' State Convention in that city and have invited Mechanic Associations in the State to send delegates. These Conventions have been highly useful and of increasing interest and great expectations are justly entertained that the approaching meeting will surpass all others in numbers, importance and usefulness.

Woman's Sympathy.

John N. Bernard, the Temperance Lecturer of notoriety some years previous to the organization of the Washington reform, in his alcoholic days, was going on foot from Boston to New York in the garb and capacity of a sailor, to get a ship. It happened to be in the summer season, and the day being very warm he stopped at a farm house, a little off the road, within a few miles of Hudson, and asked for a drink of water. The good woman of the house looked at him, and it length said, "Would not you prefer a little milk? come in out of the sun." He accordingly went in and sat down, at the same time thinking her for her kindness. She left the room and in a short time returned, not with milk alone, but cold meat, pie, bread and butter, saying, "if you would like to eat a little help yourself." Such kindness from an utter stranger, and the philanthropic manner in which it was done, made an indelible impression on the mind of Bernard, and a time at sea would he relate the circumstances to his shipmates, adding in a sailor's phrase "That woman, God bless her, was a Christian if she never said a prayer."

The Portland American states, that Gen Fessenden a few days since, appeared before the District Court and moved that a colored gentleman from Boston, who was then with him, be admitted to practice as an Attorney and Counselor at law in the Courts of this State. The motion was made under the new law, which makes all citizens of good moral character eligible to admission. The necessary certificate was produced, but the Court refused the motion on the ground that the candidate was not in fact a citizen. An application will probably be made at the October term.

Will the editor of the Piscataquis Herald forward a copy of his paper containing the proceedings at the organization of the Clay Club in that county? The copy he sent us has been mislaid.

There was a little more rain yesterday and we notice that the grass has taken quite a start and mother nature is spreading a carpet that surpasses in extent and richness all the manufactures of men.

The Steamer Huntress will commence her trips from the Kennebec, in connection with the Rail Road, in May. A new boiler has been put into her, and she has undergone other improvements.

The good woman that yesterday sent a bottle of her family beer to our sanctum has our thanks. It was highly relished for its excellent flavor, and enjoyed on account of its innocent character.

Several ancient surgical instruments have lately been dug up at Pompeii, which bear a strong resemblance to those used for lithotomy in the present day.

Out of sixty-seven land-fund-receivers appointed by Mr. Van Buren, SIXTY FOUR proved defaulters.

The communication signed "A Citizen," came to hand at two late an hour for publication to day. It will appear on Monday.

The Globe states that Mr. Fairfield has presented to the Senate a petition of two hundred and seventy citizens of Bangor in favor of the annexation of Maine.

Lobster Trade.

Many of our citizens will be surprised to learn that our lobster men have already sent to the Boston market this season upwards of ten tons of lobsters, worth, probably, about five or six hundred dollars. Some of those engaged in the business have realized at the rate of \$70 a month this spring.—Salem Advertiser

Latest from Havana—One hundred Negroes shot.

The New Orleans Bee contains Havana dates to the 10th inst.

There was a verbal report that more than a hundred negroes had been shot at Matanzas for having taken part in the late insurrection. A large number of prisoners were still in confinement at Havana.

A man from the American brig Mary Pennell was shot by the sentinel on the wharf, for not obeying immediately this order to take away the boat from that place.

In less than half an hour after it was committed every foreign vessel in port had its colors at half mast, and the same mark of indignation was repeated the next day. The Captain General promptly arrested the author of this outrage, and that upon the representations of the American Counsel the whole affair would undergo a legal investigation.

The New York Journal of Commerce says it is rumored that Mr. Clay has written a letter against the project of the annexation of Texas and that the same will soon appear in the National Intelligencer.

A call for an anti-annexation meeting in New York City signed by the most respectable names of her citizens appears in the Express. It is headed by Albert Gallatin now 84 years of age.

We have received two communications relative to our account of proceeding at the "Texas meeting," on Wednesday evening. We shall determine what to do with them when we have time to examine their merits farther.

It is confidently reported at Washington that under no circumstances can the Treaty be confirmed. It is denounced on all hands as the most objectionable—nay, infamous—Treaty ever read in the Senate. It could not obtain a majority in that body.

CONGRESS.

Correspondence of the Express

WASHINGTON, April 23d—3 P. M.

Most exciting scene in the House of Representatives!

The report of today's proceedings will give an account of another exciting scene in the House of Representatives. Blows passed between Mr. White of Ky and Mr. Rathbun of New York, growing out of Mr. White's speech, and the giving of the lie which passed between the members.

The scene was indescribably exciting. It was difficult to separate the two members, but in a few moments a hundred members were between the two, and order was restored. The committee rose in the midst of great excitement, Mr. Hopkins in the chair left the chair, and Mr. Hopkins reported the reason why the committee had risen.

This was not the worst consequence of the quarrel. In the general rush to the floor to separate the parties a gentleman from Ky (Mr. Moore) was one of the parties. In the general excitement he was thrust out most unceremoniously. Outside of the door he drew a pistol which was aimed at Mr. McCauslen of Ohio, who had a conspicuous agency in turning him out of the Hall where he had been present for some days during the sessions of the House. The pistol aimed at one hit another, and John T. Wirt one of the Watchmen of the Capitol was badly shot in the thigh. Mr. Moore, and Mr. Wirt, are in the room of the Sergeant-at-Arms, as I close.

Mr. Wirt is not dangerously wounded. The first business before the House this morning was a renewal of the discussion upon the Tariff. Mr. Wright of Indiana, continued and closed his argument against the Tariff.

Mr. White of Ky, and his speech formed a peculiar interest from his bold and manly exposure of recent slanders against Mr. Clay, in regard to the "bargain and corruption" label.

After the termination of the hour and the floor had been given to another. Mr. Rathbun of New York (who set immediately front of Mr. White) rose in his seat and said, "we will prove it upon him."

Mr. White pronounced it false. Mr. Rathbun suddenly rose and aimed a blow at Mr. White which was ward off or returned. The scene followed which is referred to in another letter.

After several propositions for inquiry &c., The two gentlemen shook hands after this and a shout of applause went forth from the gallery. Mr. Dingwood withdrew his Resolution.

Both gentlemen apologized to the House.

Mr. Holmes of S. C. nevertheless proposed his expulsion of the two members and this now gave rise to debate. Mr. Chappel of Georgia proposed a Committee of investigation and the debate is going on.

In Senate.—The Bill, supplementary to an act regulating the pay of the Navy, was before the Senate until Mr. Wright took the floor, in conclusion of his defence of a modification of the Tariff.

NOTICE.

THE Proprietors for building the Universalist Church, will meet according to adjournment at the office of the building Committee in the Granite Block, (it being the room in the third story, and eastern corner of said building) on Monday 29th, inst. at 7 o'clock, P. M.

A punctual attendance is requested, as business of importance will come before the meeting. Per request, G. W. TOMPSON, Clerk.

MARRIED.

In Portland, Me. Joseph M. Dyer of Bangor, to Miss Eliza V. Pennell, of P.

DIED.

Last overboard from schooner Tanager, on the passage from Portland to Havana, 1st ult. during a gale, Mr. Henry A. Davis, 1st officer.

In Wilton, on the 20th inst. widow Jane Hescock, aged 47 years.

In Norridgewock on Tuesday, 14th, Mrs. Abigail Burdick, aged 63 years and 2 months. 12th, Mr. Stephen Burdick, aged 66.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF BANGOR.

CIFARID

April 26. Schr. St. Pierre, Brant, St. Peter, P. R.
" Hero, Towle, Boston
" Geneva, Carver, do
" Harry T. Hinkley, Sanders, Frankfort
" Kataladin, Colson, E. Greenwich

From our Correspondent

Casting, April 1844

ARRIVED

Schoer Two Brothers, J. Jones, Argo, Glen, Mito, Lott, Volant, Eaton, Otis, Burgess, Elizabeth, Au

ana, Gen. Jackson, Hopkins; Clementine, Richardson Vienna, Newbury.
21st, Shepherds, Calderwood, Vinthaven, Rival, Smith, do.
22d, Olive, Thompson, Petit Me Nan.
23d, Albert, Spurling, Cranberry Isle
24th, Fame, Brown, Vinthaven, John, Mills, do, Al
25th, Bunker, Mt Desert, Two Sisters Lancaster, Cranberry Isle, Orion, Yott, do, Two Friends, Conway, Deer Isle, Balvidere, Lindsey, Vinthaven. All of the above have fitted out for fishing.
26th, schoer Margaret Ann, Atkins, Boston, Post Boy, Roberts, do, Lucy & Nancy, Wescott, do.

Memoranda.

Ar at N. York 23d, Schr. Sanctus, Ryder, Hampden, Pioneer, Moore, Machus
Ar at Philadelphia 23d, schoer Osceola, Means, Bluehill, Olive Elizabeth, Yates, Lubec
Ar at Providence 23d, schr Henry Clay, Foster, Lubec

EXTRA WIDE.

A FEW Cases very full Seal Skin ROOTS, received at
april 27

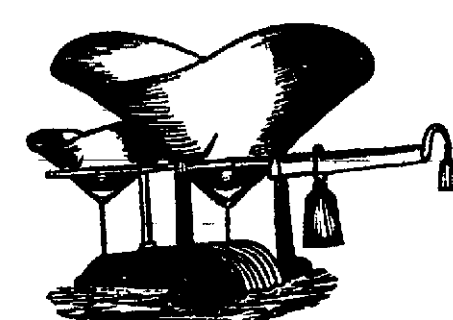
Fine Sewed Boots.

6 CASES received at
april 27

CHEEVER'S LECTURES, ON Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, No 4; Ladies' Book, and Companion for May, rec'd by
april 27

POCKET COMPASSES. A CONVENIENT article containing a steel Pen, an ever pointed Pencil, a Penknife. Reserve for Leads and silver tooth Pick for sale by
april 27

VINAL'S NEW COUNTER BALANCE.



THE subscriber would invite the attention of the public to his new Counter Balance as a superior article to any ever before offered to the public. It is warranted perfect in every respect, and is not liable to get out of order.

Next door to A & E Dole & Co's Cabinet Ware House, Hammond St. dtaw2wrtf april 27.

REMOVAL.

HENENWAY & HERSEY have removed their extensive stock of Hats, Caps, Furs, Boots, Shoes, Furnishing goods, &c., to the Spacious Store,

No 20, Main-Street,

Where there is room to accommodate all who may favor them with their patronage. april 27

STOVES FOR VESSELS. A. NOYES & CO have on hand an assortment of James' Patent of Cooking Stoves suitable for vessels 13 and 14, Central St. april 27

JUST RECEIVED, CAST Iron Furnaces for Charcoal Burners, a good article for summer use, for sale by
april 27

SOMETHING NEW. REFRIGERATORS or Provision Cooler, new style manufactured and for sale by
april 27

850 BUSHELS Good Oats, for sale by
april 27

LADIES' COMPANION. FOR MAY! The Omnibus No 2, rec'd at
april 26

SAND'S SARSAPARILLA. 50 DOZ just rec'd by
april 26

NOTICE. WHEREAS complaints have been made to me that individuals are in the habit of taking Gravel and Sand from the banks of the Grave-yard near Zadoc Davis on the Hampden Road, and that I have been instructed to put a stop to the same. I hereby give notice that I shall prosecute each and every individual that trespasses upon said property by hauling or carrying any more gravel or sand from said premises after this date.

SIMON F. WALKER, City Marshal Bangor April 26

FRESH FRUIT. SUPERIOR Turkish Figs, also a lot of Messina sweet Oranges by the box
april 26

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. FOR all diseases of the lungs, just received by
april 26

TAR AND PITCH. 80 BARRELS Tar.
april 26

REMOVAL. GODDARD & JENKINS have removed to Store No 1, Brick Block, Exchange Street, directly opposite the Exchange Hotel, where they offer for sale a well selected stock of

Provisions, Groceries, AND DRY GOODS.

ALSO—They are constantly supplied with Lumber of all descriptions, of their own manufacture, and will promptly execute orders, on the most favorable terms. april 26

STRAY HOG. CAME into the enclosure of the subscribers, a short time since, a spotted hog. The owner is requested to take the same away immediately, and pay charges. YOUNG & RECORD
april 26

REMOVAL. S. A. HYDE has removed to No 15 West Market Place where he is now receiving 30 Packages of Spring and Summer GOODS, comprising a large and complete assortment of Dry Goods, for sale at extremely low prices
april 26

Feathers. 5000 FBS Feathers of all qualities just received and for sale low at No 15 West-Market Place S A HYDE
april 26

WALKER'S Letter on the Reannexation of Texas, for sale at \$3.00 per hundred by SMITH & CLARK
april 26

MOORE & BUTMAN, HAVE ON HAND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES—WEST INDIA GOODS AND PROVISIONS; Which will be sold very low for CASH. Purchasers are invited to call on
No. 7, Main-Street.
Jan 3

LUMBER BOOKS. FOR Merchants and Surveyors—use manufactured and for sale by D BUGBEE
april 25

ACCOUNT BOOKS, STATIONERY, of the very best quality for sale by D BUGBEE
april 25

FIRE BOARD PATTERNS, at HUGBEE'S
april 25

TABLES. A LARGE lot of all kinds, for sale low by A & E DOLE & CO
april 24

Furniture Manufactory. A. & E. DOLE & CO. HAMMOND STREET, BANGOR.

HAVING recently fitted up their establishment with a complete set of Machinery, have on hand and are constantly manufacturing all kinds of Furniture consisting in part of Bureaus, Tables, Sinks, Secretaries, Wash Stands, Looking Glasses, Bedsteads, CHAIRS, of all kinds—ALSO—

Wood Turning and Sawing to patterns, done at short notice

PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES, superior article

All the above articles will be sold as low, not lower, than can be purchased in this city or elsewhere. Please call before purchasing.

All kinds of country Produce and Lumber taken in exchange

Piano Fortes tuned and repaired
april 24

PIANO FORTES. TUNED and repaired in the most thorough and scientific manner by J. A. WOODBURY, of the firm of A & E DOLE & CO

Refer to LORD & COMSTOCK, CHAS SUMNER HILL, Boston

SMITH & FENNO, Bangor

J. E. GOULD, Bangor

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE. CITY OF BANGOR. April 23 1844

THE Inhabitants of the City of Bangor, and other persons liable to be assessed in said City, are hereby notified and requested to bring and present to the undersigned Assessors of said City, true and perfect lists of their polls and of their estates both real and personal (except such as is by law exempted from taxation) which may be possessed of on the first day of May next. And for the purpose of receiving the same and proceeding thereon, as by law required the undersigned will be in session, at their office, other the Aldermen's room, at the City Hall on the first day of May next, and on each succeeding day (Sabbaths excepted) till the tenth day of May.

THOS A. HILL, Assessors

JAPHEH GILMAN, the City

CHAS STETSON, Bangor

april 24

SEASONED SPRUCE PLANK AND JOIST. 150 M 2 inch Seasoned Spruce Plank

50 M 3x4 " " Joint

50 M 3x5 " " do

25 M 4x4 " " do

For sale by A FNERSON

mur 21 No 6, Broad-st—up Stairs

HENRY A. KELEY, COMMISSION MERCHANT, BRICK BUILDING, 37 & 39 Main Street.

NANTUCKET, MASS. IS prepared to make liberal Cash advances, Eastern produce

References, Messrs GEO B BLAKE & Co

JAMES DAVIS JR & Co

TREASURER RYFEL COPPER CO

april 23

LIFE OF GOETHE. BY N C Bowring, 2 vols 25 cts, Irish State Trials, The Queens O Connell and other

Murder Library No 17—Calvin's Inventory of Irish Relics—Necessity of the Reformation, by John Calvin—Arthur's Ladies Magazine—Boswell's John Calvin—Arthur's Family Magazine and other

Magazines, for May, Shakespeare Illustrated No rec'd by

april 23

Razors and Scissors. 3 DOZ Wade and Butcher's celebrated China Razors

6 Doz Those Rodgers' Scissors at 25c per pair warranted good or no sale just received by

april 23

FOR MAY, 1844. LADY'S Book for May, 1 published with the splendid engravings, rec'd at

april 23

BONNETS AND Ribbons, NEW STYLE. FINE Florence, English and French, and Federal and Common Broad

land, 1 J H NIXON, 68, Main Street

received to day by

april 20

GRAHAM FOR MAY, rec'd at HUGBEE'S

april 20

SILVER SPOONS. NEW supply Table, Tea, Salt, Dessert and 25c

april 23

COM S! COMES! 50 GRO Horn Side Combs, just rec'd and for

april 23

General assortment Horn Shell and Ivory Combs wholesale or retail by E W DENISON

april 23

NEW BOOKS. BURNETT'S Notes on the New Testament

april 22

Vol 1 lectures on the Acts

april 22

RICHARDSON'S BITTERS, A LARG supply just received by G W LADD

april 26

mar 19
FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO
very nice by G. W. LAR